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TWO LOAN REPAYMENTS FROM SECOND-CENTURY TEBTUNIS¹⁾

The type of document commonly referred to as the repayment, or return, of a loan has been recently discussed in the introduction to P. Yale 63. The editors there conclude (p. 198) that "written repayments of loans were not given for repayment itself, but to cover peculiar circumstances" (spaced by me), such as the decease of the original creditor or debtor, or occasions when repayment was made in a place different from that in which the loan was taken out. The two papyri presented below lend confirmation to this conclusion : No. 1 is the repayment in Tebtunis of a loan originally drawn up in the record office (grapheion) of Theogonis; in No. 2 repayment is made in behalf of a deceased debtor by his sister. For further discussions and details, see P. Yale 63 introduction, with the list of repayments given, pp. 196 - 97. To this may be added P. Teb. 596 descr. (in BASP 6 [1969] pp. 31ff.).

1

P. Teb. 537 descr. 10 x 11,6 cm. Aug. 20, 137 A.D. Plate IIa

Acknowledgement of the repayment of 132 drachmas owed by Pakebkis son of Marepsemis to Heron son of Souchas. Pakebkis is quite possibly identical with the original debtor of the following text (No. 2, line 15).

> έτους πρώτου καὶ εἰκοστοῦ Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Τραιανοῦ ἀΑδριανοῦ Σεβαστοῦ Μεσορὴ κζ ἐν [Τ]εβτύνι τῆς Πολέμωνος μερίδος τοῦ ἀΑρσινοείτου νομοῦ. ὁμολογεῖ "Ηρων Σουχᾶ ὡς ἐτῶν τριάκοντα δύο οὐλὴι

4

1 The papyri edited here were summarily described at the back of the Tebtunis Papyri Vol. II. They are part of the Tebtunis collection owned by the University of California and housed in the Rare Books Department of the Bancroft Library. I am grateful to Prof. Hagedorn and Prof. Koenen for proposing some improvements in the reading of both texts.

	χειρί ἀριστερῷ Πακῆβκι Μαρεψήμεως
	ώς έτῶν είκοσι ὀκτὼι οὐλὴ παρ' ἀντικνή-
8	μιον [δ]εξιόν άπέχειν παρ' αύτοῦ
	Πακήβκεως [δι]ὰ χειρός ἀργυρί[ου] δρα-
	χμάς έκατον τριάκοντα δύο κ[αί] τους
	τόκους ἃς ὥφειλεν ὁ Πακῆβκις τῷ
12	"Ηρωνι καθ' ομολογίαν χρήσεως τε-
	τελειομένην [δ]ιὰ τοῦ κώμης Θεογο-
	νίδος γραφείου τῷ ἐνεστῶτι ἕτι μη-
	νι Φαμενώ(θ) τεσσαρεσκαιδεκάτη ην και
16	 {[δεκά]τη ην και} άν[α]δέδωκεν αύτῶι ἐ[ἰς ἀ]θέ-
	[τησι]ν καὶ ἀκύ[ρωσι]ν καὶ μὴ ἐπελεύσασθαι
	[τον] "Ηρω[να έπι τον] Παμῆβκ[ι]ν π[ερι] ών
	[ἀπέσ]χημ[ε μαθότι πρόμει]τ[αι

4 Αρσινοίτου 5 ούλη 7 όκτω 13 τετελειωμένην 14 έτει

Twenty-first year of Imperator Caesar Traianus Hadrianus Augustus, Mesore 27, at Tebtunis of the Polemonos Meris of the Arsinoite Nome. Heron, son of Souchas, about thirty-two years old, with a scar on his left hand, acknowledges to Pakebkis, son of Marepsemis, about twenty-eight years old, with a scar along his right shin, that he has received from him, Pakebkis, from hand to hand, one hundred thirty-two silver drachmas plus interest which Pakebkis owed Heron according to the terms of a contract of loan drawn up by the record office of the village Theogonis in the present year on the fourteenth day of the month Phamenoth; and he has turned over this contract to Pakebkis for cancellation and invalidation. Nor shall Heron take action against Pakebkis with respect to what he has received, as stated above ...

1 - 3 The date is Aug. 20, 137 A.D.

4 - 5 "Howv $\Sigma ov \chi \tilde{\alpha}$: Person(s) of this same name occur in P. Teb. 318, 6 (166 A.D.) and 320, 3 (188 A.D.).

13 - 14 [δ]ιὰ τοῦ κώμης Θεογονίδος γραφείου : Theogonis was one of the small villages in the Fayum's Gharaq basin; on its location see P. Teb. II p. 379; G.S. Crotti, Aegyptus 42 (1962) pp. 110 - 13; Dorothy J. Crawford, Kerkeosiris: An Egyptian Village in the Ptolemaic Period (Cambridge 1971) pp. 46 - 50. The fullest discussion of its relationships with, and, in the Roman period, its dependence upon Tebtunis is that of Crotti, pp.103 - 13. In the first century A.D. its grapheion is found united with that of the village Tali (P. Mich. V 287, 2); but by the second century Theogonis was maintaining its own independent record office. Loans originally drawn up at the Theogonis grapheion were sometimes repaid at Tebtunis, with attendant contracts being drawn up and registered by the Tebtunis grapheion (P. Fam. Tebt. 9 and the present text), and vice versa (P. Teb. 596 descr. in BASP 6 [1969] pp. 31 ff.). See also PSI X 1145 where a pastophorion located in Tebtunis is ceded by means of a contract drawn at the record office of Theogonis.

14 - 15 The date is March 10, 137 A.D.

19 [μαθότι πρόκει]τ[αι or καθώς πρόκει]τ[αι ;ώς πρόκει]τ[αι to shoort to fill the lacuna.

P. Teb. 447 descr. 11 x 21 cm. Plate I a

4

Psenkebkis son of Marepsemis acknowledges to Thenmarsisouchos daughter of another Marepsemis that he has received from her the 460 drachmas owed him by her brother Pakebkis. Presently mounted to lower left of this document is a small fragment $(2, 5 \times 6 \text{ cm})$, written in a hand similar to, if not the same as, that which wrote the body of the loan repayment :

]σ[
]ωρος	ισ[
]ωρος π	π[
Μά]ξιμος	[
]ωρος α	σα [
]ωρος :	πε[

July 15, 155 A.D.

2

]ωρος κρον[].[]ωτ[

It seems to be some kind of name list (with names ending in $-\omega\rho\sigma\varsigma$ in lines 2 - 3, 5 - 7, Må] $\xi\iota\mu\sigma\varsigma$ in line 4) including patronymics (e.g. K $\rho\sigma\nu$ [$\iota\omega\nu\sigma\varsigma$ aut sim. in line 7). The fragment has no apparent connection with the following contract.

έτους όκτωκαιδεκάτου Αύτοκράτορος Καίσαρος [Τ]ίτου Αίλίου 'Αδριανοῦ 'Αντωνίνου Σεβαστοῦ Εὐσεβοῦς 'Επεἰφ πα έν Τεπτύνει τῆς Πολέμωνος μερίδος τοῦ 'Αρισ[ο]είτου νομοῦ. ὁμολογεῖ Ψενκῆβκις Μαρεψήμεως ὡς ἐτῶν τριάκοντα πέντε άσημος Θενμαρσισούχωι ἑτέρου Μαρεψήμεως ὡς ἐτῶν τριάκοντα ἑπτὰ ἀσήμ`ψ΄ μετά πυρίου τοῦ ἀνδρὸς Πακήβκιος τοῦ Αρποκρατίωνος ὡς ἐτῶν τεσσαράκοντα πέντε ἀσήμου ἀπέχειν παρ' αύτῆς Θενμαρσισούχου διὰ χειρὸς άργυρίου δραχμάς τετρακοσίας έξήμοντα όφειληθείσας ύπό τοῦ άδελφοῦ αὐτῆς Πακήβκιος τῶι [Ψε]νηῆβηι μαθ' ὑμολογίαν χρήσεως γεγο[νυῖ]αν διὰ τοῦ αὐτοῦ γραφείου τῷ δ[ωδεκ]άτωι ἕτ[ε]ι 'Αντωνίνου Καίσα[ρος τοῦ] κυρίου [Φαρ]μοῦθι α η̈ν καὶ

8

4

8

12

16

20	άναδέ[δωκε]ν αύτῆ είς ἀκύρωσιν καὶ μὴ	
	[ἐπελεύσεσθαι] τὸν Ψενκῆβκιν περὶ τού-	
	[των μηδε π]ερί τόκ[ω]ν αὐτῶν διὰ τὸ καὶ	
	[τούτους αὐτὸν ἀπεσ]χηκέναι μηδὲ περὶ ἑτέρου	
24	[ἀπλῶς πράγματος] μαθόλ[ο]υ μέχρι τῆς ἐνεστώσης	
	[ἡμέρας. (2nd hand) Ψενκῆ]βκις Μαρεψήμεως ἀπέ-	
	[χω παρά τῆς] Θεν[μ]αρσισούχου τὰς	
	[δραχμάς τε]τρακο[σ]ίας έξήκοντα καί	
28	[τοὺς τόκου]ς ἃς ὥφειλεν [α]ὐτῷ καὶ	
	[μή έπελεύσεσ]θαι καθώς πρόκιται.	
	[ἕγραψα ὑπὲ]ρ αὐτοῦ ἀ[γρ]α[μμάτου].	
	(3rd hand) ἀναγέγρα(πται)	
31	[διὰ τοῦ ἐν Τ]επ[τύνι γραφεί]ου.	

4 Τεπτύνι 5 Αρσινοίτου 29 πρόκειται

Eighteenth year of Imperator Caesar Titus Aelius Hadrianus Antoninus Augustus Pius, Epeiph 21, at Tebtunis of the Polemonos Meris of the Arsinoite Nome. Psenkebkis, son of Marepsemis, about thirty-five years old, with no distinguishing mark, acknowledges to Thenmarsisouchos, daughter of another Marepsemis, about thirty-seven years old, with no distinguishing mark, with her husband Pakebkis, son of Harpokration, about forty-five years old, with no distinguishing mark, as guardian, that he has received from her, Thenmarsisouchos, from hand to hand, four hundred sixty silver drachmas owed to him, Psenkebkis, by her brother Pakebkis according to the terms of a contract of loan drawn up by the same record office in the twelfth year of Antoninus Caesar the lord, Pharmouthi 1; and he has turned this contract over to her for invalidation and he, Psenkebkis, will not take action concerning these (i.e., the 460 drachmas in principal) or the interest on these, since this also has been repaid, or concerning any other matter whatsoever down to the present day.

(2nd hand) I, Psenkebkis, son of Marepsemis, have received from Thenmarsisouchos the four hundred sixty drachmas plus interest which she owed hi him (sic) and will not take action, as stated above. I, NN, have written for him because he is illiterate.

(3rd hand) Registered by the record office in Tebtunis.

1 - 4 The date is July 15, 155 A.D.

9 - 10 Pakebkis son of Harpokration is possibly identical with the Pakebkis son of Harpokration who is receipted for having paid the poll-tax in P. Teb. 306, lines 1 - 4 (163 A.D.). He was probably a priest (so P. Teb. 306 intro.) and may have been the father of Kronion, the deputy prophet ($\delta\iota\dot{\alpha}\delta\circ\chi\circ\varsigma$ $\pi\rhoo\phi\eta\tau\epsilon\dot{\iota}\alpha\varsigma$) of P. Teb. 293, lines 1 - 2 (about 187 A.D.).

17 τοῦ αὐτοῦ γραφείου : i.e., the Tebtunis grapheion. Its operations have been most recently and most fully discussed by Elinor Husselmann, "Procedures of the Record Officeeof Tebtunis in the First Century A.D.", Proceedings of the Twelfth International Congress of Papyrology (Toronto 1970) pp. 223 - 38.

18 $\delta[\omega\delta\epsilon\varkappa]$ άτωι : Fills the lacuna better than $\delta[\epsilon\varkappa]$ άτωι . The twelfth year of Antoninus is 148/9 A.D.

19 Pharmouthi 1 of the 12th year of Antoninus is March 27, 149 A.D.

21 - 23 For the restoration of these lines cf. P. Ryl. II 174, lines 16ff.

23 - 24 For the restoration cf. inter alia P.Fam. Tebt. 9, line 18.

28 $[\alpha]\dot{\upsilon}\tau\tilde{\omega}$: $\mu \circ \iota$ is expected. The use of $\alpha\dot{\upsilon}\tau\tilde{\omega}$ is presumably a psychological slip on the part of the man who wrote in Psenkebkis' behalf.

30 The name of the man who wrote for Psenkebkis is either very short (3 - 4 letters) or $\xi\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\alpha$ has in some way been abbreviated. Cf. $\xi\gamma\rho\alpha(\phi\alpha)$ in P. Teb. 397, line 34. $\dot{\alpha}\gamma\rho\alpha\mu\mu\dot{\alpha}\tau\sigma\nu$ must have been abbreviated since the lacuna before the grapheion docket is not sufficient to accomodate the word written in full.

31 The restoration is modelled on PSI X 1140, 34; P. Teb. 312, 25 - 26; P. Fam. Tebt. 7, 29; 27, 28 - 29.

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MU b) C c) a) Repayment of a loan (P. Teb. inv. nr. 447), zu J. G. Keenan S. 87 b) Receipt for dyke and other taxes (P. Oxy. 19 B 2/2 [e] 1), zu J. R. Rea S. 4 ff. c) Anweisung an die Totengräber (P. Colon. inv. nr. 3004), zu L. Koenen S. 20. d) Namenliste (P. Amsterdam inv. nr. 27), zu P. J. Sijpesteijn S. 47 f. d)

a)

