



4-2019

An examination of the factors correlating with course failure in a high school computer science course

Steven McGee

The Learning Partnership, mcgee@lponline.net

Ronald I. Greenberg

Loyola University Chicago, Rgreen@luc.edu

Lucia Dettori

Chicago Public Schools, ldettori@cps.edu


Andrew M. Rasmussen

Chicago Public Schools, arasmussen@cps.edu

Erica Wheeler

Chicago Public Schools, ewheeler6@cps.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://ecommons.luc.edu/cs_facpubs

 [next page for additional authors](#)
Part of the [Accessibility Commons](#), [Computer Sciences Commons](#), [Gender Equity in Education Commons](#), and the [Other Teacher Education and Professional Development Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

Steven McGee, Ronald I. Greenberg, Lucia Dettori, Andrew M. Rasmussen, Erica Wheeler, Randi McGee-Tekula, and Jennifer Duck. An examination of factors correlating with course failure in a high school computer science course. In American Educational Research Association (AERA) Annual Meeting, April 2019.

This Presentation is brought to you for free and open access by the Faculty Publications and Other Works by Department at Loyola eCommons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Computer Science: Faculty Publications and Other Works by an authorized administrator of Loyola eCommons. For more information, please contact ecommons@luc.edu.



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-No Derivative Works 3.0 License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/3.0/).

Authors

Steven McGee, Ronald I. Greenberg, Lucia Dettori, Andrew M. Rasmussen, Erica Wheeler, Randi McGee-Tekula, and Jennifer Duck

An examination of the factors correlating with course failure in a high school computer science course

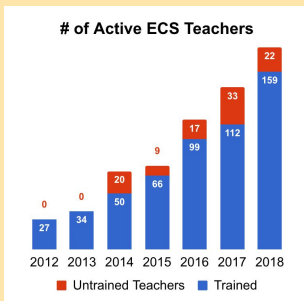
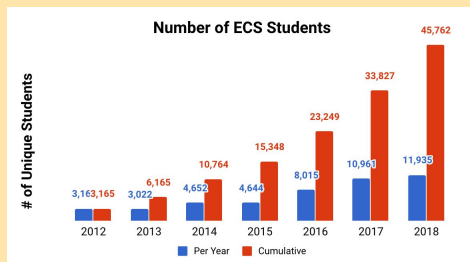
Steven McGee
The Learning Partnership

Ronald I. Greenberg
Loyola University

Lucia Dettori,
Andrew Rasmussen, Erica Wheeler
Chicago Public Schools

Randi McGee-Tekula,
Jennifer Duck
The Learning Partnership

Growth of ECS in CPS



Foundations



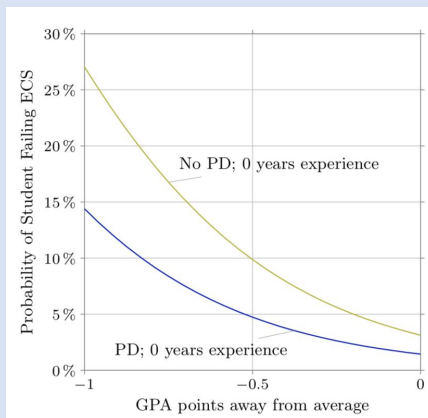
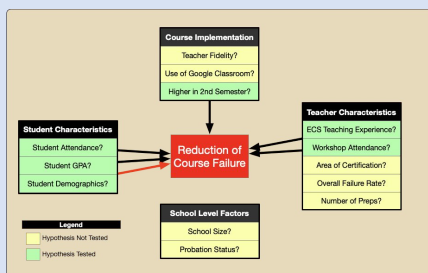
ECS is the primary course that students have been using to fulfill the graduation requirement in CPS. The ECS curriculum is composed of activities that are designed to engage students in CS inquiry around meaningful projects. The pedagogy of ECS is structured around three interwoven strands: *equity, inquiry, and CS concepts*. The ECS professional development program is designed to prepare teachers to implement these inquiry-based activities while also guiding teachers in building a classroom culture that is culturally responsive and adapting lessons to the backgrounds and interests of the students.

Course Units

Human Computer Interaction
Problem Solving
Web Design
Introduction to Programming
Computing and Data Analysis
Robotics



Collaborative Problem Solving



Assessing CAFÉCS

Erin Henrick

Building Trust and Cultivating Partner Relations

- Collaborative decision-making is a hallmark of CAFÉCS ethos and meetings
- Team members value diverse expertise of the group to inform research design

Conducting Research to Inform Action

- CAFÉCS members share a common goal: to support CPS to bring CS to all students
- Weekly and monthly meetings provide a space for problem-solving and brainstorming
- Data sharing MOU
- CAFÉCS whole team meetings offer learning opportunities:
 - Problem solving and brainstorming
 - Discussions to build common understandings towards shared goals, vision, purpose
 - Sharing research findings

Supporting the Practice Partner in Achieving Its Goals

- CAFÉCS arms CPS staff with relevant research that guides implementation



Example of CAFÉCS Impact

Results inform CPS communication strategies

- Sharing information with principals
- Increased workshop attendance

Results inform CAFÉCS research agenda

- Secured NSF EAGER Grant to address credit recovery through hybrid course

This work was supported by grants CNS-1138417, CNS-1542971, CNS-1543217, CNS-1738515, CNS-1738572, CNS-1738691, and CNS-1738776 from the National Science Foundation (NSF). Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of NSF.

An examination of the factors correlating with course failure in a high school computer science course.

Steven McGee (mcgee@lponline.net), Ronald I. Greenberg, Lucia Dettori,
Andrew M. Rasmussen, Erica Wheeler, Randi McGee-Tekula, & Jennifer Duck
2019 American Education Research Association annual meeting, Toronto.

Table 2: Distribution of the total number of times a teacher taught ECS

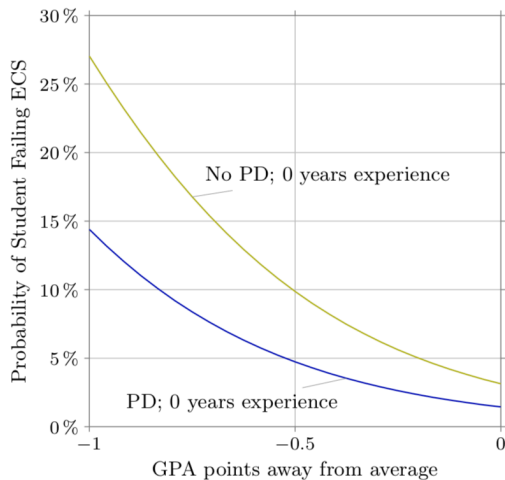
Number of Times	ECS Teachers
1	49%
2	23%
3	14%
4 or more	14%

Table 3: Demographic characteristics of ECS students relative to the general district population

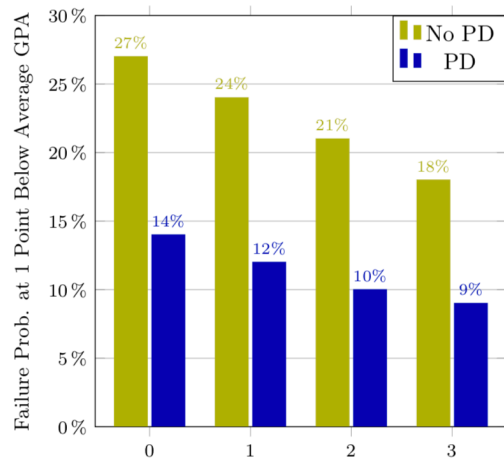
Demographic Information	ECS Students	District Students
%Female	44%	—
%Caucasian	9%	8%
%African-American	37%	43%
%Hispanic	47%	43%
%Asian	5%	3%
%Free or reduced lunch	87%	85%
%Special education	15%	15%
%English language learner	8%	6%
%Freshman	59%	25%
%Sophomore	24%	27%
%Junior	6%	25%
%Senior	11%	22%
Attendance rate	89%	87%
Failure rate	11%	—
Cummulative GPA	2.5	—

Table 5: HLM Model results for probability of failure in ECS, by student, course, and teacher characteristics.

Characteristic	Coefficient	Standard Error	t-ratio	p-value
Average	-3.43	0.29	t(167)=-11.50	p < 0.001
Student Characteristics				
Cummulative GPA	-2.44	0.07	t(17,037)=-35.07	p < 0.001
Rate of Attendance	-4.46	0.31	t(17,037)=-14.52	p < 0.001
Freshman	-0.41	0.11	t(17,037)=-3.76	p < 0.001
Female	-0.30	0.08	t(17,037)=-3.88	p < 0.001
Hispanic	0.28	0.13	t(17,037)=2.18	p = 0.029
African-American	0.15	0.15	t(17,037)=0.98	p = 0.329
Special Education	0.26	0.09	t(17,037)=2.89	p = 0.004
Free and Reduced Lunch	0.10	0.13	t(17,037)=0.78	p = 0.434
ELL	0.28	0.12	t(17,037)=-2.32	p = 0.020
Course Characteristics				
Years of Prior ECS Teaching	-0.18	0.09	t(129)=-2.01	p = 0.046
Teacher Characteristics				
Attended PD	-0.79	0.29	t(167)=-2.74	p = 0.007



(a)



(b)